

CREATION IS A UNIVERSAL WITNESS

THINKCUBE 1 | OPEN-BOOK REVIEW

Name: _____ Date: _____

Instructions: Read ThinkCube 1 carefully. Use the article and Scripture to answer the questions. Circle one answer for each multiple-choice question and complete the written reflections.

PREMISE 1: NATURE TESTIFIES TO GOD'S POWER

1. According to Romans 1:18-20, what can people perceive through creation?
 - A. The precise date of creation
 - B. God's eternal power and divine nature
 - C. The entire gospel message
 - D. The names of all the prophets
2. Which example illustrates creation's testimony without modern science?
 - A. The seasons, stars, and living things
 - B. A printed Bible in every language
 - C. A missionary in every village
 - D. A modern astronomy textbook
3. What is general revelation in the article?
 - A. Private visions only
 - B. Religious rituals
 - C. God's revelation through the created world
 - D. Salvation through good works

PREMISE 2: RELIGIONS REFLECT AWARENESS OF THE DIVINE

4. What broad pattern does the article describe across human cultures?
 - A. All cultures have identical doctrines
 - B. Religious and spiritual belief is widespread
 - C. All cultures reject worship
 - D. All cultures possess the New Testament
5. What natural experiences can prompt reverence and worship?
 - A. Only laboratory experiments
 - B. Only written sermons
 - C. Only formal education
 - D. The heavens, storms, seasons, and complexity of life

PREMISE 2: RELIGIONS REFLECT AWARENESS (CONTINUED)

6. What limitation of general revelation does the article acknowledge?
- A. It reveals nothing about God
 - B. It applies only to ancient peoples
 - C. It does not provide the full gospel or every detail about God
 - D. It requires advanced education
7. How does the article connect widespread religious belief with Romans 1?
- A. As consistent with awareness of God through creation
 - B. As proof every religion teaches the same doctrine
 - C. As evidence nature is irrelevant
 - D. As proof no one needs to hear the gospel

PREMISE 3: NATURE INVITES PEOPLE TO SEEK GOD

8. What does the room filled with carefully made pastries illustrate?
- A. All things are made of food
 - B. Only professionals recognize design
 - C. Human beings cannot reason about origins
 - D. Visible craftsmanship naturally prompts questions about its maker
9. According to the article, nature is best understood as:
- A. A complete substitute for the gospel
 - B. A witness and invitation to seek the Creator
 - C. A reason to worship nature itself
 - D. A message limited to one culture
10. Which passage is used to encourage seeking God?
- A. Hebrews 11:6
 - B. Leviticus 11:6
 - C. Revelation 22:21
 - D. Philemon 1:1

PART TWO | WRITTEN REFLECTIONS

1. Explain how Romans 1:18-20 and Psalm 19 describe creation as a witness available to all people.

2. Give two examples from nature that could lead someone without Scripture to ask about a Creator.

3. Why does the article connect widespread religious belief with the universal testimony of nature?

PART TWO | WRITTEN REFLECTIONS (CONTINUED)

4. Explain the difference between general revelation and hearing the gospel of Jesus Christ.

5. How might creation awaken a desire to seek God, according to the third premise?

PART THREE | SCRIPTURE MEMORY

Romans 1:20 (ESV) - Read the verse in your Bible. Write it below and underline what creation reveals about God.

PERSONAL TAKEAWAY

What is one memorable way you could explain that creation points people toward their Creator?

INSTRUCTOR ANSWER KEY

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PREMISE 1: NATURE TESTIFIES TO GOD'S POWER

1. B - God's eternal power and divine nature
2. A - The seasons, stars, and living things
3. C - God's revelation through the created world

PREMISE 2: RELIGIONS REFLECT AWARENESS

4. B - Religious and spiritual belief is widespread
5. D - The heavens, storms, seasons, and complexity of life
6. C - It does not provide the full gospel or every detail about God
7. A - Consistent with awareness of God through creation

PREMISE 3: NATURE INVITES PEOPLE TO SEEK GOD

8. D - Craftsmanship prompts questions about its maker
9. B - A witness and invitation to seek the Creator
10. A - Hebrews 11:6

REFLECTION GUIDANCE

1. Creation communicates God's power and divine nature across languages and generations.
2. Examples include stars, seasons, ecosystems, living organisms, and the human body.
3. The article interprets widespread spirituality as consistent with humanity recognizing transcendence.
4. General revelation points to God through creation; the gospel announces salvation through Jesus Christ.
5. The wonder and order of nature may inspire questions about its source and a desire to seek God.

Scripture memory: Romans 1:20 (ESV). Check against the ESV text. Personal takeaway: Answers will vary.